



Yaqeen Gold Fund

Annual Report 2022

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A. Fund Information:

1. Name of the investment Fund: Yaqeen Gold Fund.
2. The Investment objectives, policies, and practices for the fund

It is an open public investment fund compliant with Sharia standards and invests passively in gold commodity, as it seeks to achieve long-term capital growth and gains by simulating the performance of the XAU / USD gold commodity currency index (spot contracts for gold in US dollars) before fees and charges.

Investment policy:

Asset Class	Minimum	Maximum
Gold commodity currency XAU / USD	90%	100%
Money market funds (Sharia-compliant) that are publicly offered and licensed by a regulator with standards and regulatory requirements similar to the CMA.	0%	10%
Gold commodity funds (Sharia-compliant) that are publicly offered and licensed by a regulator with standards and regulatory requirements similar to the CMA.	0%	10%
Cash	0%	10%

- The fund does not offer any diversification in assets and does not change the ratios of its investment in gold commodity based on expectations of the gold commodity price. In the event that the price of the gold commodity increases or decreases, the Fund will simulate this increase or decrease in the price of the gold commodity. The trading currency in the gold commodity market is the US dollar, while the trading unit for the gold commodity is an ounce of gold with a purity of 999.9. Any change in the price of the gold commodity reflects the change in the value of an ounce of gold with purity of 999.9 in US dollars.
 - The fund seeks to simulate the performance of the index by keeping the margin of deviation from the maximum of 1%. Margin deviation is measured as the standard deviation of the difference between the weekly return of the fund compared to the weekly return of the index. The fund index is the gold commodity currency "XAU / USD" and it is an index that is extracted from Bloomberg. It reflects the price of spot gold in US dollars for every ounce of gold commodity with a purity of 999.9.
 - The fund seeks to achieve a minimum correlation coefficient of 0.85 with the index on an annual basis.
 - The fund manager maintains a cash liquidity ratio of up to 10% of the fund's total assets to comply with the redemption requests.
 - The fund invests in gold commodity with a purity of 999.9 only through the specified gold provider (Ansta Sanpaolo Switzerland), and also invests in gold commodity funds that comply with Sharia standards offered in a public offering and are licensed by a regulator that has similar regulatory standards and requirements to the CMA.
 - All the fund's investments will be outside the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.
3. Distribution of Profits Policy: The Fund Manager will not distribute the profits for subscribers and the distributed profits will be reinvested back in the Fund.
 4. We would like to point out that the Fund's reports are available upon request free of charge. It can also be obtained directly by visiting the company's website www.yaqeen.sa.
 5. The funds benchmark index and its service provider:

Benchmark: Gold commodity price XAU/USD where the price reflects the value of an ounce of gold of 999.9 purity in US dollars.

Service provider: Bloomberg.

The methodology used for calculating the index: This index is calculated based on the average price of buying and selling provided by central banks and international commercial banks. The Bloomberg platform collects this data and calculates the average price of the gold commodity currency XAU/USD. The gold commodity currency "XAU/USD" is the index, which reflects the spot gold price in US dollars per ounce of gold. The trading currency in the gold market is the US dollar, while the trading unit for gold in the gold market is an ounce of gold with a purity of 999.9. The price of the extract from the provider of the index (Bloomberg) reflects the value of an ounce of gold with a purity of 999.9 in US dollars.

B. Fund Performance:

1. Comparative table:

As of December 31	Fund's Net Asset Value (in US Dollars)	NAV per unit (in US Dollars)			Number of units issued at the end of the period	Income distribution per unit		Expense ratio
		End of period	Highest value during the year	Lowest value during the year		Gross	Net	
2020	4,164,182	1.09953	1.1955	0.9905	3,787,227	N/A	N/A	0.96%
2021	3,025,796	1.04198	1.1262	0.9738	2,903,387	N/A	N/A	1.12%
2022	3,504,402	1.02802	1.15365	0.92578	3,408,878	N/A	N/A	1.15%

Comparing the Fund's benchmark performance with the Fund's performance:

Calendar return	2020*	2021	2022
Fund	9.95%	-5.23%	-1.34%
Index	14.97%	-4.21%	0.01%
Accumulated returns	1 Years	2 Years	Since inception
Fund	-1.34%	-6.50%	2.80%
Index	0.01%	-4.20%	10.15%
Annualized returns	1 Years	2 Years	Since inception
Fund	-1.34%	-3.31%	1.39%
Index	0.01%	-2.12%	4.95%

*Calendar return for 2020 and since inception is April/8/2020.

2. Performance Record:

Total Return	
One Year	-1.34%
Three Years	-6.50%
Five Years	-
Since inception	2.80%
Calendar return	
2020*	9.95%
2021	-5.23%
2022	-1.34%

*Calendar return for 2020 and since inception is April/8/2020.

Fees and fund expenses:

Fees and expenses incurred by the fund during the year	Amount (in SAR)
Management Fees	18,996
Other Expenses	19,084
Total Expenses	38,080
Total Expense Ratio	1.15%

*There were no circumstances during the year in which the fund manager decided to waive or reduce any fees.

The fund manager follows the rules of calculating the performance data of Yaqeen Saudi Equity Fund in a consistent manner as described in the fund's terms and conditions.

3. Material changes that occurred during the period:

No material changes that occurred during the period and that affected the performance of the fund.

4. Annual voting rights:

N/A.

5. The Fund board annual report:

The Fund had two meetings during the year 2022 AD, and the attendance of the members was as follows:

Member name	Member classification	First meeting 31 May 2022	Second meeting 23 June 2022	Third meeting 29 December 2022
Moath Al-Khasawneh	Chairman	✓	✓	✗
Ahmed alshabanah	chairman	✗	✗	✓
Saleh Al-Omair	Non-independent member	✓	✓	✗
Abdul Karim Al-Njaidi	Independent member	✓	✓	✓
Muhammad Al-Malki	Independent member	✓	✓	✗

* Mr. Saleh Al-Omair, and Mr. Moath Al-Khasawneh resigned from the Board, and designation of Mr. Ahmed Al-Shabaneh (non-independent member) as Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Fund according to our letter sent to the CMA on 12 December 2022.

A) Qualifications of the Fund Board Members:

- **Mr. Ahmad Alshabanah (Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Fund - Non-Independent)**

Deputy CEO of Yaqeen Capital holds a master's degree in business administration from the Swiss Business School and a bachelor's degree in business administration from King Faisal University. More than twenty-two years of experience in the banking and investments, experience in treasury, Money Market and foreign exchange trading, his most prominent previous experiences: He worked at Alawwal Bank (SABB) and Gulf International Bank. He also held the position of Treasury Manager at Yaqeen Capital, then he joined the Asset Management from 2017 until November 2022.

- **Dr. Abdul Karim bin Hamad Al-Nujaidi (Independent Member)**

He holds an Executive MBA from King Fahd University of Petroleum and Minerals in 2011 and a Ph.D. in Linguistics from Oklahoma Stillwater State University, Oklahoma Stillwater, USA in 2003. He has experience of more than 32 years, and he is currently a board member of Abdullah Al Othaim Markets Company, a board member and a member of the Nominations and Remunerations Committee of the Arab Group for Education and Training Holding Company, Member of the Board of Directors, Chairman of the Nominations Committee and member of the Risk Committee in Aljazira Takaful Company and previously the CEO of Maharah for Human Resources And CEO of the National Gas and Industrialization Company..

- **Mr/Mohammed Mesfer Almalki (Independent Member-Yaqeen):**

Holds a master's degree in Business Administration from Al-Faisal University in 2013. He has more than 30 years of experience in the financial sector in financial markets, banks, business supervision, and regulatory oversight. A prominent leader in semi-governmental entities and the private sector, where he previously worked; The position of Acting Chief Executive Officer at the Small and Medium Enterprises Bank (Bank SME) of the National Development Fund; In addition to holding the position of CEO-designate of the Saudi Venture Investment Company, he is also the founder and CEO of Nataj Financial Consulting Company, and he held the position of CEO of Kasab Financial Company, in addition to having previously held the position of Deputy Governor of the General Authority for Small and Medium Enterprises (Monshaat) for financing, He is also currently the CEO of Qadr Investment Company and a member of the Board of Directors of Thakher Makkah. And a member of the Board of Directors and a member of the Management, Nominations and Remunerations Committee in Kawar Finance, and a member of the Audit Committee in the "The Riq" project of the Public Investment Fund, and a member of the Board of Directors and a member of the Nominations and Remunerations Committee in the Saudi Real Estate Company, and a member of the Board of Directors and a member of the Audit Committee and the Committee Executive Director of the Saudi-Bangladeshi Industrial and Agricultural Investment Company (SABINCO). And a member of the Board of Directors and a member of the Executive Committee in a statement of credit information. He is a member of the Audit and Risk Committee of the First Riyadh Health Assembly affiliated to the Ministry of Health, a board member of the Saudi FinTech, a board member of the Saudi Venture Investment Company, and a board member of Al Anson Trading Company.

B) Roles and Responsibilities of the Board of Directors of the Fund:

1. Approve all contracts, resolutions, and material reports to which the Fund is a party.
2. Adopt a written policy regarding voting rights relating to the Fund's assets.
3. Supervise and, if appropriate, approve any conflict of interest disclosed by the Fund Manager in accordance with the Investment Funds Regulations.
4. Meeting at least twice a year with the compliance and conformance (Compliance and Conformance Committee) officer with the Fund Manager, the money laundering and terrorist financing reporting officer to ensure that the Fund Manager complies with all applicable laws and regulations.
5. Approve any recommendation made by the liquidator in case of his appointment.
6. Ensure that the Terms and Conditions of the Fund, the Memorandum of Information and any other document of the Investment Funds Regulations are complied with.
7. Ensure that the Fund Manager carries out its responsibilities to the benefit of the unit holders in accordance with the Terms and Conditions of the Fund and the provisions of the Investment Funds Regulations.
8. Review the report evaluating the performance and quality of services provided by the parties concerned with providing essential services to the Fund in order to ensure that the Fund Manager carries out its

responsibilities in the interest of the unit holders in accordance with the Terms and Conditions of the Fund.

9. Evaluate the Fund Manager's mechanism of dealing with risks related to the fund's assets in accordance with the Fund Manager's policies and procedures regarding monitoring risks related to the Fund and how to deal with them.
10. Act in honesty and in the interest of the Investment Fund and its unit holders.
11. Record the minutes of the meetings that show all the minutes of the meetings and the decisions taken by the Board.
12. Review the report that includes all complaints and the measures taken in respect of them, in order to ensure that the Fund Manager is carrying out his responsibilities in a manner that serves the interests of Unit Holders in accordance with the Terms and Conditions of the Fund and what is stated in the Investment Funds Regulations.

C) **Details of the remuneration of the members of the fund's Board of Directors:** 800 US dollars for each independent member for each meeting and a maximum of 1,600 dollars annually for each independent member (the total fees for independent members will not exceed 3,200 US dollars annually) where the fees are due on a daily basis and paid every end of the year.

D) **There is no actual or potential conflict between the interests of a member of the fund's board of directors and the interests of the fund.**

E) **The members of the fund's Board of Directors are members of the boards of directors of other funds managed by the Fund Manager as described below:**

Fund name	Ahmed alshabanah	Abdul Karim Al-Njaidi	Muhammad Al-Malki
Yaqeen Saudi Equity ETF	✓	✓	✓
Yaqeen IPO Fund	✓	✓	✓
Yaqeen Saudi Equity Fund	✓	✓	✓
Yaqeen SAR Murabaha Fund	✓	✓	✓
Yaqeen Petrochemical ETF	✓	✓	✓
Yaqeen Murabaha Fund	✓	✓	✓
Yaqeen Arar Hills Fund	✓	✓	✓

*Mr. moath alphasawneh and Mr. saleh alomair has resigned from the Board, and the appointment of a member of the Board of Directors Mr. Ahmad Alshabanah (non-independent member) as of the date according to our letter sent to the Capital Market Authority on 12/12/2022 AD

During the meetings, the following points related to the fund were discussed and reviewed:

- The board reviewed the development of the investment funds ' performance activities for the period.

- The board reviewed funds' cash inflows and outflows during the period.
- The Fund adhering to the regulations and procedures followed by the company and ensuring compliance with the Investment Funds Regulations and the rest of the Capital Market Authority regulations, the terms and conditions of investment funds, the requirements of the FATCA, and the Common Reporting Standards (CRS) with the Compliance and Anti-Money Laundering Officer.
- The board agreed to changing the chartered accountant from Dr. Mohamed Al-Amri & Co to PricewaterhouseCooper.
- Discussing the report issued by the Asset Management internal auditor, where the report indicated that there is a lack of an automated system for calculating returns and monitoring compliance. Accordingly, Yaqeen Capital agreed with a specialized company to create a complete automated system.

C. Fund Manager

1. Fund Manager name:

Yaqeen Capital Company, Saudi Arabia

P.O. Box. 884, Riyadh 11421

Tel: 8004298888

Fax: +966 (11) 2032546

www.yaqeen.sa

2. Sub-Manager/investment adviser:

Not applicable.

3. A review of investment activities during the period:

Asset allocation	As of 31/12/2022
Gold	99.43%
Cash	0.57%
Total	100.00%

4. Performance report of the investment fund during the period:

- The fund had a negative return of -1.34% for 2022 compared to a benchmark return of flat return 0.01%. The fund therefore underperformed the benchmark and gave a negative a small alpha for the full year.
- Gold posted a small gain in 2022; no mean feat given an unprecedented rise in rates and a strong US dollar.
- 2022 was an example of gold's stable and uncorrelated performance amid market turbulence.
- Going forward, we expect markets to rationalize spending behavior as things get back to normal. In case of interest rate reversal, people might move back to safe haven assets to hedge against inflation.

5. Details of any material changes to the Fund's Terms and Conditions made during the period.

The fund manager made the following changes to the fund during 2022:

- The chartered accountant has been changed from Dr. Mohamed Al-Amri & Co to PricewaterhouseCooper. according to the letter we sent to the Capital Market Authority on 08/07/2022 AD.

- The terms and conditions also changed to reflect the resignation of Mr. Moath Al-Khasawneh and Mr. Saleh Al-Omar from the membership of the Board, and the appointment of a member of the Board of Directors Mr. Ahmad Alshabanah (non-independent member) as of the date according to our letter sent to the Capital Market Authority on 12/12/2022 AD.
- The fund manager changed the name from "Falcom" to "Yaqeen", and accordingly the fund's name was changed.
- The terms and conditions also changed to reflect the resignation of the fund board member, according to the letter we sent to the Capital Market Authority on 12/12/2022AD.

Other than that, the fund manager did not make any changes to the terms and conditions of the fund.

6. Other Information: For more information, please refer to terms and conditions of the fund.

7. The investment of the fund in other funds:

None.

8. Special Commission During the year:

None.

9. Any other data and other information required by these Regulations to be included in this report:

a- Conflict of Interest:

Yaqeen Capital has invested an amount equivalent to 27.30% of the Yaqeen Gold Fund in the fund.

b- Fund Distribution during the Year:

c- Incorrect Valuation or Pricing:

d- Investment Limitation Breaches

10. Period for the management of the person registered as fund manager.

Ashar Saleem, CFA has managed the fund since April 2021.

11. The expense ratio of each underlying fund:

Not Applicable.

D. Custodian

Yaqeen Capital

Olaya Street P.O. Box 140, Riyadh 11411, Saudi Arabia

Tel: 8004298888

Website: www.yaqeen.sa

Custodian duties and responsibilities:

- Opening a local bank account and deposit all cash received from the offering of fund units and subscriptions to customers.

- Supervising the sub-custodian to ensure that he performs his roles in full in accordance with the agreement signed with him and the tasks assigned to him.

Tasks assigned by the custodian to a third party regarding the Investment Fund

EFG Bank SA is a Swiss bank licensed by the Swiss Financial Market Supervisory Authority under CHE-245.681.319 to perform private banking, conservation services and asset management. As a sub-custodian to do therefore:

- Save the fund's assets separately from any other securities or assets belonging to the under-keeper or fund manager.
- Keep all records related to asset preservation.
- Perform all necessary administrative procedures regarding asset preservation.

E. Fund Operator:

1. Name and address of fund operator:

Yaqeen Capital Company
P.O Box 884 Riyadh 11421
Phone: 8004298888
Fax: + 966 (11) 4617268

2. Duties and responsibilities:

- Operating the fund.
- Maintaining books and records related to the operation of the fund.
- Preparing and updating the subscribers' units record and keeps it in the Kingdom in accordance with the requirements of the Investment Funds Regulation.
- Evaluating the fund's assets completely and fairly and calculating the price of the fund's units.

F. Auditor:

The name of the auditor: PricewaterhouseCoopers (PwC).

Registered address and business address of the auditor:
PricewaterhouseCoopers
Kingdom Tower - 24th floor
Riyadh 11414, Saudi Arabia
Tel: +966 11 211 0400
Fax: +966 11 211 0401
www.pwc.com

G. Financial Statements:

The financial statements are prepared and audited according to accounting standards issued by Saudi Organization for Certified Public Accountants ("SOCPA").

**YAQEEEN GOLD FUND
(MANAGED BY YAQEEEN CAPITAL)**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 AND INDEPENDENT
AUDITOR'S REPORT**

**YAQEEN GOLD FUND
(MANAGED BY YAQEEN CAPITAL)
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

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Independent auditor's report to the Unitholders of Yaqeen Gold Fund (Managed by Yaqeen Capital)

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Yaqeen Gold Fund (the "Fund") as at 31 December 2022, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards, that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and other standards and pronouncements issued by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants (SOCPA).

What we have audited

The Fund's financial statements comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022;
- the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income for the year then ended;
- the statement of changes in net assets attributable to the Unitholders for the year then ended;
- the statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing, that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants, endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (the "Code"), that is relevant to our audit of the financial statements and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code's requirements.

Responsibilities of Fund's Manager and those charged with governance for the financial statements

The Fund's Manager is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards, that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements issued by SOCPA, and the applicable provisions of the Investment Funds Regulations issued by the Capital Market Authority and the Fund's terms and conditions, and for such internal control as the Fund's Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Fund's Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Fund's Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Fund's Board is responsible for overseeing the Fund's financial reporting process.



*Independent auditor's report to the Unitholders of Yaqeen Gold Fund (Managed by Yaqeen Capital)
(continued)*

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, that are endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Fund Manager.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Fund's Manager use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

A handwritten signature in blue ink, appearing to read 'Bader I. Benmohareb', with a large circular flourish at the end.

Bader I. Benmohareb
License Number 471

30 March 2023

Yaqeen Gold Fund
(Managed by Yaqeen Capital)
Statement of financial position
(All amounts are in US Dollars unless stated otherwise)

	Note	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	5	26,257	66,594
Investments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) - Investment in gold contracts	6	<u>3,507,197</u>	<u>2,968,736</u>
Total assets		<u>3,533,454</u>	<u>3,035,330</u>
Liabilities			
Management fee payable	7	4,914	4,337
Other liabilities	8	<u>24,137</u>	<u>5,197</u>
Total liabilities		<u>29,051</u>	<u>9,534</u>
Net assets attributable to the Unitholders		<u>3,504,403</u>	<u>3,025,796</u>
Units in issue (Numbers)		<u>3,408,878</u>	<u>2,903,897</u>
Net asset value per unit (US Dollars)		<u>1.03</u>	<u>1.04</u>
Contingencies and commitments	9	-	-

The accompanying notes from 1 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Yaqeen Gold Fund
(Managed by Yaqeen Capital)
Statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income
(All amounts are in US Dollars unless stated otherwise)

	Note	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Income			
Fair value loss on investments at FVTPL, net	6	<u>(8,141)</u>	<u>(175,289)</u>
		(8,141)	(175,289)
Expenses			
Management fee	10	<u>(18,996)</u>	<u>(20,182)</u>
Other expenses		<u>(19,084)</u>	<u>(20,168)</u>
		(38,080)	(40,350)
Loss for the year			
Other comprehensive income for the year		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total comprehensive loss for the year		<u>(46,221)</u>	<u>(215,639)</u>

The accompanying notes from 1 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Yaqeen Gold Fund
(Managed by Yaqeen Capital)
Statement of changes in net assets attributable to Unitholders
(All amounts are in US Dollars unless stated otherwise)

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Net assets attributable to the Unitholders as at 1 January	3,025,796	4,164,184
Loss for the year and total comprehensive loss for the year	(46,221)	(215,639)
Unitholders' subscriptions and redemptions:		
Issuance of redeemable units during the year	837,138	385,306
Redemption of redeemable units during the year	(312,310)	(1,308,055)
Net assets attributable to the Unitholders as at 31 December	<u>3,504,403</u>	<u>3,025,796</u>

Movement in number of units

The movement in number of units for the year ended 31 December is as follows:

	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
	Units	
Number of units as at 1 January	2,903,897	3,787,227
Issuance of redeemable units during the year	805,823	422,100
Redemption of redeemable units during the year	(300,842)	(1,305,430)
Number of units as at 31 December	<u>3,408,878</u>	<u>2,903,897</u>

The accompanying notes from 1 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Yaqeen Gold Fund
(Managed by Yaqeen Capital)
Statement of cash flows
(All amounts are in US Dollars unless stated otherwise)

	Note	31 December 2021	31 December 2021
Cash flows from operating activities			
Loss for the year		(46,221)	(215,639)
Adjustments for non-cash items:			
Fair value loss on investments at FVTPL, net	6	8,141	175,289
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Additions to financial assets at FVTPL	6	(603,200)	-
Proceeds from sale of financial assets at FVTPL	6	56,598	938,260
Management fee payable		577	(1,625)
Other liabilities		18,940	(766)
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities		<u>(565,165)</u>	<u>895,519</u>
Cash flows from financing activities			
Issuance of redeemable units during the year		837,138	385,306
Redemption of redeemable units during the year		(312,310)	(1,308,055)
Net cash generated from / (used in) financing activities		<u>524,828</u>	<u>(922,749)</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(40,337)	(27,230)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		66,594	93,824
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	5	<u>26,257</u>	<u>66,594</u>

The accompanying notes from 1 to 16 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Yaqeen Gold Fund
(Managed by Yaqeen Capital)
Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022
(All amounts are in US Dollars unless stated otherwise)

1 General

Yaqeen Gold Fund (the "Fund") is a Fund established under an agreement between Yaqeen Capital ("Fund Manager") and Fund Investors ("Unitholders"). The Fund is an "open-ended" Shariah compliant "public" Fund that invests passively in Gold. The Fund's objectives are to achieve long-term capital gains and growth through tracking the index performance of gold commodity currency (XAU/USD - Gold Spot US Dollar).

The address of the Fund Manager is as follows:

Yaqeen Capital
Olaya Street, P.O. Box 884
Riyadh 11421
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia

In dealing with the Unitholders, the Fund Manager considers the Fund as an independent accounting unit. Accordingly, the Fund Manager prepares separate financial statements for the Fund. In addition, the Unitholders are considered as owners benefiting from the Fund's assets.

The Capital Market Authority (CMA) license to establish the Fund was obtained on 10 Jumada al-Alkhirah 1441H (corresponding to 4 February 2020). The Fund commenced its activities on 14 Shaban 1441H (corresponding to 8 April 2020).

The Fund is governed by the Investment Fund Regulations (the "Regulations") published by CMA on 3 Dhul Hija 1427H (corresponding to 24 December 2006) as amended by the resolution of CMA board on 16 Sha'aban 1437H (corresponding to 23 May 2016). It is further amended by the resolution of CMA board on 12 Rajab 1442H (corresponding to 24 February 2022).

2 Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as endorsed in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and other standards and pronouncements that are issued by the Saudi Organization for Chartered and Professional Accountants ("SOCPA").

The Fund has also complied with Investment Funds Regulations published by CMA and Fund's terms and conditions, information memorandum and key information summary (collectively hereinafter referred to as "Terms and Conditions") with respect to preparation and presentation of these financial statements.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss that are measured at fair value.

Furthermore, these financial statements are prepared, using the accrual basis of accounting and are based on the going concern basis.

The Fund does not have a clearly identifiable operating cycle and therefore does not present current and non-current assets and liabilities separately in the statement of financial position. Instead, assets and liabilities are presented in order of liquidity.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in US Dollars (USD) which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency as the gold contracts are entered into and traded in international markets in US dollars. Further the index performance of gold contracts are denominated in US dollars. All amounts presented has been rounded to the nearest USD unless stated otherwise.

2.4 Foreign currency transaction and balances

Foreign currency transactions and balances are translated into US Dollars using the exchange rates prevailing at the date of transactions. Foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated into US Dollars using the exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from the translation of monetary assets and liabilities at exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date and from the settlement of transactions are included in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. The Fund transacts transactions in either US dollars (USD) or Saudi Riyals (SAR) and since in KSA, the SAR is pegged to USD, there is no foreign currency revaluation gain / loss during the current year.

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2 Basis of preparation (continued)

2.5 Financial year

The financial year of the Fund commences on 1 January and ends on 31 December of each calendar year.

2.6 Use of estimates and judgments

In the ordinary course of business, the preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income, and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in future periods affected. There are no areas of significant judgment or critical assumption used in the preparation of these financial statements.

3 APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS

3.1 New standards

The Fund applied for the first-time certain standards and amendments, which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022, but they had no material impact on these financial statements. The Fund has not early adopted any other standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before intended use – Amendments to IAS 16

The amendment to IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment (PP&E) prohibits an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of PP&E any proceeds received from selling items produced while the entity is preparing the asset for its intended use. It also clarifies that an entity is ‘testing whether the asset is functioning properly’ when it assesses technical and physical performance of the asset. The financial performance of the asset is not relevant to this assessment.

Reference to the Conceptual Framework – Amendments to IFRS 3

Minor amendments were made to IFRS 3 Business Combinations to update the references to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting and to add an exception for the recognition of liabilities and contingent liabilities within the scope of IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets and Interpretation 21 Levies. The amendments also confirm that contingent assets should not be recognised at the acquisition date.

Cost of Fulfilling a Contract Amendments to IAS 37

The amendment to IAS 37 clarifies that the direct costs of fulfilling a contract include both the incremental costs of fulfilling the contract and an allocation of other costs directly related to fulfilling contracts. Before recognising a separate provision for an onerous contract, the entity recognises any impairment loss that has occurred on assets used in fulfilling the contract.

Amendment to IFRS 16, ‘Leases’ – Covid-19 related rent concessions Extension of the practical expedient (effective 1 April 2021)

As a result of the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic, rent concessions have been granted to lessees. In May 2020, the IASB published an amendment to IFRS 16 that provided an optional practical expedient for lessees from assessing whether a rent concession related to COVID-19 is a lease modification. On 31 March 2021, the IASB published an additional amendment to extend the date of the practical expedient from 30 June 2021 to 30 June 2022. Lessees can elect to account for such rent concessions in the same way as they would if they were not lease modifications. The amendment was intended to apply until 30 June 2021, but as the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic is continuing, on 31 March 2021, the IASB extended the period of application of the practical expedient to 30 June 2022. The amendment applies to annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2021. However, the Fund has not received Covid-19-related rent concessions.

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3 APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS (continued)

3.1 New standards (continued)

Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020

- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments – clarifies which fees should be included in the 10% test for derecognition of financial liabilities.
- IFRS 16 Leases – amendment of illustrative example 13 to remove the illustration of payments from the lessor relating to leasehold improvements, to remove any confusion about the treatment of lease incentives.
- IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards – allows entities that have measured their assets and liabilities at carrying amounts recorded in their parent’s books to also measure any cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported by the parent. This amendment will also apply to associates and joint ventures that have taken the same IFRS 1 exemption.
- IAS 41 Agriculture – removal of the requirement for entities to exclude cash flows for taxation when measuring fair value under IAS 41. This amendment is intended to align with the requirement in the standard to discount cash flows on a post-tax basis. Minor amendments were made to IFRS 3 Business Combinations to update the references to the Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting and to add an exception for the recognition of liabilities and contingent liabilities within the scope of IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets and Interpretation 21 Levies. The amendments also confirm that contingent assets should not be recognised at the acquisition date.

These amendments had no impact on the financial statements of the Fund. The Fund intends to use the practical expedients in future periods if they become applicable.

3.2 Standards issued but not yet effective

There are a number of standards, amendments to standards, and interpretations which have been issued by the IASB that are effective in future accounting periods that the Fund has decided not to adopt early, and they do not have a significant impact on these financial statements.

The most significant of these are as follows:

Standards	Title	Effective date
IFRS 4	Insurance Contracts-Amendments regarding the expiry date of the deferral approach	1 January 2023
IAS1	Presentation of Financial Statements - Amendments regarding the classification of liabilities	1 January 2024
IFRS 16	Amendment to IFRS 16 – Leases on sale and leaseback	1 January 2024
IAS1	Narrow scope amendments to IAS1, Practice statement 2 and IAS 8	1 January 2023
IFRS 9	Amendments regarding the interaction of IFRS 4 and IFRS 9	1 January 2023
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts - Amendments to address concerns and implementation challenges that were identified after IFRS 17	1 January 2023
IAS 8	Amendment to IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors	1 January 2023
IAS 12	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction – Amendments to IAS 12	1 January 2023
IFRS 10 & IAS 28	Sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture – Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28	Deferred

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4 Significant accounting policies

4.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents as referred to in the statement of cash flows comprise current account with the bank.

4.2 Financial instruments

4.2.1 Initial recognition and measurement

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized / derecognized on the trade date (i.e. the date that the Fund executes purchase or sale of the assets). Regular way purchase or sale of financial assets that require settlement of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

All other financial assets and liabilities (including assets and liabilities designated at fair value through income statement) are initially recognized on trade date at which the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss. For all other financial assets and financial liabilities transaction costs are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

4.2.2 De-recognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire, or when the financial assets and substantially all the risks and rewards are transferred.

4.2.3 Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories:

- Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss;
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income; or
- Financial assets at amortised cost.

Debt instruments

Debt instruments are those instruments that meet the definition of a financial liability from the issuer's perspective.

Classification and subsequent measurement of debt instruments depend on:

- (i) The Fund's business model for managing the asset; and
- (ii) The cash flow characteristics of the asset.

• Amortised cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and profit, and that are not designated at FVTPL, are measured at amortised cost. The carrying amount of these assets is adjusted by any expected credit loss allowance recognized in statement of profit or loss. Profit income from these financial assets is included in 'Special finance income' using the effective interest rate method.

• Fair value through other comprehensive income

Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and profit, and that are not designated at financial assets at FVTPL, are measured at FVOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through other comprehensive income, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, special finance income and foreign exchange gains and losses on the instrument's amortised cost are recognized in statement of profit or loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss statement. Profit income from these financial assets is included in 'Special finance income' using the effective interest rate method.

• Fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVOCI are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value is presented in the statement of profit or loss in the year in which it arises.

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4 Significant accounting policies (continued)

4.2 Financial instruments (continued)

4.2.3 Classification and subsequent measurement of financial assets (continued)

• **Equity instruments**

Equity instruments are instruments that meet the definition of equity from the issuer's perspective; that is, instruments that do not contain a contractual obligation to pay and that evidence a residual interest in the issuer's net assets. Examples of equity instruments include basic ordinary shares.

The Fund subsequently measures all equity investments at FVTPL, except where the Fund's Manager has elected, at initial recognition, to irrevocably designate an equity investment at FVOCI. The Fund's policy is to designate equity investments as FVOCI when those investments are held for purposes other than to generate investment returns. When this election is used, fair value gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are not subsequently reclassified to the statement of profit or loss, including on disposal. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

4.2.4 Impairment of financial assets

The Fund considers a broader range of information when assessing credit risk and measuring expected credit losses, including past events, current conditions, reasonable and supportable forecasts that affect the expected collectability of the future cash flows of the instrument.

In applying this forward-looking approach, a distinction is made between:

- Financial instruments that have not deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition or that have low credit risk ('Stage 1');
- Financial instruments that have deteriorated significantly in credit quality since initial recognition and whose credit risk is not low ('Stage 2'); and
- 'Stage 3' would cover financial assets that have objective evidence of impairment at the reporting date. However, none of the Fund's financial assets fall into this category.

'12-month expected credit losses' are recognized for the first category while 'lifetime expected credit losses' are recognized for the second and third category. Measurement of the expected credit losses is determined by a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses over the expected life of the financial instrument. Financial assets held at amortised cost include bank balances. Bank balances are held at banks with high credit rating.

4.2.5 Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

Liabilities are recognized on an accrual basis for amounts to be paid in the future in return for services received, whether or not billed by the provider.

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, and, where applicable, adjusted for transaction costs unless the Fund has designated a financial liability at FVTPL.

Subsequently, financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

4.2.6 Fair value measurement

'Fair value' is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal or, in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Fund has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk.

When available, the Fund measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as 'active' if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis. The Fund measures instruments quoted in an active market at the market price, because this price provides a reasonable approximation of the exit price.

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4 Significant accounting policies (continued)

4.2 Financial instruments (continued)

4.2.7 Recognition and re-measurement of investment in gold contracts

Fund investment in gold contracts are financial assets which are recognized when Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument i.e. Trade date. At initial recognition, the Fund measures investment in gold contracts at its fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at FVTPL are expensed in profit or loss. The subsequent unrealized gain / loss on investment held at FVTPL is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

4.2.8 Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

4.3 Equity attributable to Unitholders

The net assets attributable to the Unitholders comprise units issued, and accumulated profit generated by the Fund. The redeemable units are classified as equity as explained below.

(i) Redeemable Units

Units subscribed and redeemed are recorded at the net assets value per unit on the Valuation Day for which the subscription request and redemption applications are received.

The Fund classifies its units as an equity instrument if the redeemable units have all of the following features:

- It entitles the holder to a pro rata share of the Fund's net assets in the event of the Fund's liquidation.
- The instrument is in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments.
- All financial instruments in the class of instruments that is subordinate to all other classes of instruments have identical features.
- The instrument does not include any contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the holder's rights to a pro rata shares of the Fund's net assets.
- The total expected cash flows attributable to the instrument over the life of the instrument are based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognized net assets or the change in the fair value of the recognized and unrecognized net assets of the Fund over the life of the instrument.

In addition - in order to classify instruments as equity - the Fund must have no other financial instrument or contract that has:

- Total cash flows based substantially on the profit or loss, the change in the recognized equity or the change in the fair value of the recognized and unrecognized equity of the Fund; and
- The effect of substantially restricting or fixing the residual return to the instrument holders.

The Fund's redeemable participating units meet the definition of puttable instruments classified as equity instruments under IAS 32. 16(A-B) and accordingly, are classified as equity instruments.

The Fund continuously assesses the classification of the redeemable units. If the redeemable units cease to have any of the features or meet all the conditions set out in paragraphs 16A and 16B of International Accounting Standard (IAS 32), the Fund will reclassify them as financial liabilities and measure them at fair value at the date of reclassification, with any differences from the previous carrying amount recognized in net assets attributable to unit holders. The subscription and redemption of redeemable units are accounted for as equity transactions as long as units are classified as equity.

(ii) Trading in the units

Units of the Fund are made available for purchase only in the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia at Yaqeen Capital branches by natural and corporate persons. The net asset value of the Fund is determined on the Valuation Day by dividing the net value of assets (fair value of total assets minus liabilities) by the total number of outstanding units on the relevant Valuation Day.

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4 Significant accounting policies (continued)

4.4 Net assets value per unit

Net assets value per unit disclosed in the statement of financial position is calculated by dividing the net assets of the Funds by the number of units in issue at the reporting date.

4.5 Zakat and income tax

Zakat and income tax are the obligations of the Unitholders and are not provided for in these financial statements.

4.6 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Fund and the amount can be reliably measured, regardless of when payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts and taxes.

Realized gain or loss on disposal of investment in gold contracts is measured as the difference between the sales proceed and the carrying value before disposal. Unrealized gain or loss on gold contracts is recognized in profit or loss.

4.7 Management fee, custody fee and other expenses

The Fund's expenses include management fee, custody fee and other expenses. These expenses are recognised on accrual basis. Management and custody fee are based on predetermined rates as specified in the Terms and Conditions of the Fund. Detailed policies are as follows:

4.7.1 Management fee

The Fund Manager charges the Fund, on every valuation day, a management fee at an annual rate of 0.5% (31 December 2021: 0.5%) of the Fund's net assets value. These charges are calculated and accrued on each dealing day.

4.7.2 Custody fee

The custodian does not charge the fund any fees while the EFG Bank (the "Sub-Custodian") charges fees at 0.10% of the total value of the assets under custody. The total custodian's fee becomes 0.10% of the total value of the fund's assets under custody and is paid quarterly to the sub-custodian.

4.7.3 Other expenses

The Fund Manager recovers any other expenses paid on behalf of the Fund as per Terms and Conditions of the Fund.

5 Cash and cash equivalents

	2022	2021
Cash at banks	<u>26,257</u>	66,594

6 Investments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) - Investment in gold contracts

Investment in gold contracts represent spot gold contracts. The spot gold contracts enable the Fund to mimic the spot prices of gold. The Fund has an option to invest in physical gold which will be purchased by the Fund and will be deposited in safe custody of the Sub-Custodian at a secured vault in Geneva, Switzerland, under the delegated authority from the Fund Manager. The gold purchased will be kept in the Fund allocated account, which will be uniquely identifiable and segregated from other precious metals held by the Sub-Custodian.

The movement in investment in gold contracts is as follows:

	2022	2021
At the beginning of the year	2,968,736	4,082,285
Additions to investment in gold contracts	603,200	-
Disposal of investments in gold contracts	(56,598)	(938,260)
Realized fair value gain, net for the year	931	41,909
Unrealized fair value loss, net for the year	(9,072)	(217,198)
At the end of the year	<u>3,507,197</u>	<u>2,968,736</u>

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7 Management fee payable

	Note	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Management fee payable	7.1	4,914	4,337

7.1 The Fund Manager charges the Fund, on every Valuation Day, a management fee at an annual rate of 0.5% (31 December 2021: 0.5%) of the Fund's net assets value.

8 Other liabilities

	Note	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Other liabilities	8.1 & 8.2	24,137	5,197

8.1 Custody fee

The custodian does not charge the fund any fees while the Swiss bank Intesa Sanpaolo Private Bank Suisse (the "Sub-Custodian") charges fees at 0.10% of the total value of the assets under custody. The total custodian's fee becomes 0.10% of the total value of the fund's assets under custody and is paid quarterly to the sub-custodian.

8.2 Other expenses

The Fund Manager recovers any other expenses paid on behalf of the Fund as per Terms and Conditions of the Fund.

9 Contingencies and commitments

There are no contingencies and commitments as at 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021.

10 Transactions and balances with related parties

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions.

Within the normal course of business, the Fund deals with related parties that are in turn subject to the Fund's terms and conditions issued by the CMA. All transactions with related parties are approved by the Fund's Board.

The following table summarises the details of transactions with related parties:

Related party	Relationship	Transactions	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Yaqeen Capital	Fund Manager	Management fees	(18,996)	(20,182)
Yaqeen Capital	Fund Manager	Investment in Fund units	-	10,653

Following table summarises the details of balances with related parties:

Related party	Relationship	Balance	31 December 2022	31 December 2021
Yaqeen Capital	Fund Manager	Management fee (note 7)	4,914	4,337
Yaqeen Capital	Fund Manager	Investment in Fund units	968,511	968,511

11 Segment reporting

The Fund carries a portfolio of investment in gold contracts. The Fund Manager periodically assesses the performance and allocates resources to the business as one unit and, as such, no separate operating segments were identified for financial reporting purposes. Consequently, segment reporting as required by IFRS 8 'Operating Segments' has not been disclosed.

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12 Fair value of financial instruments

The financial instruments comprise financial assets and financial liabilities. The Fund's financial assets and liabilities consists of bank balances, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, management fee payable and other liabilities.

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at the end of trading as at the reporting date. Instruments that have not been sold are valued on the Valuation Day based on the most recent bid price.

An active market is a market in which assets or liabilities are treated with sufficient movement and volume to provide price information on an ongoing basis. The carrying value less impairment provision of other receivables and carrying value of payables are assumed to approximate their fair values.

The fair value hierarchy consists of the following levels:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: unobservable inputs for assets and liabilities.

Investments are based on prices quoted in active markets classified as level 1 which includes quoted investment in gold contracts. The Fund does not adjust the quoted price for these instruments.

The following table shows the carrying amount and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy for financial instruments measured at fair value. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value as the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value due to the short-term duration of financial instrument. The fair value of investments measured at FVTPL are based on quoted prices in active markets and are therefore classified within level 1.

Financial assets at FVTPL

	<u>Carrying value</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Total</u>
31 December 2022	3,507,197	3,507,197	3,507,197
31 December 2021	2,968,736	2,968,736	2,968,736

The Fund recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred. During the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, there were no transfers into or out of Level 1, level 2 and level 3 fair value measurements.

13 Financial instruments - risk management

The Fund's objective is to ensure the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide optimal returns for the Unitholders and ensure reasonable safety of the Unitholders.

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk.

The Fund Manager is responsible for identifying and controlling risks. The Fund Board supervises the Fund Manager, which is ultimately responsible for the overall management of the Fund.

Monitoring and controlling risks is primarily set up to be performed based on the limits established by the Fund Board. The Fund has its Terms and Conditions document that set out its overall business strategies, its tolerance of risks and its general risk management philosophy and is obliged to take actions to rebalance the portfolio in line with the investment guidelines.

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13 Financial instruments - risk management (continued)

The Fund uses different methods to measure and manage the various types of risk to which it is exposed; these methods are explained below.

a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge its obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss.

The Fund's policy is to conclude financial instrument contracts with reputable counterparties. The Fund seeks to reduce credit risk by monitoring credit exposures, setting limits for transactions with specific counterparties, and constantly assessing the solvency of such parties.

The table below shows the maximum exposure to credit risk for the components of the statement of financial position.

	2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents (note 5)	<u>26,257</u>	<u>66,594</u>

The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward-looking information in determining any expected credit loss.

All financial assets were considered for ECL as on 31 December 2022 and 31 December 2021. However, the impact of ECL on these assets was immaterial as the Fund is not exposed to significant credit risk and there is no history of default on recovery of these balances.

The Fund Manager reviews the credit concentration of the investment portfolio, depending on the counterparties. The Fund is not currently exposed to credit risk within its investment portfolio. The cash and cash equivalents balance are deposited with Banque Saudi Fransi, which has an external credit rating from Moody's with a credit quality of A2.

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet its commitments associated with financial liabilities. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at an amount close to its fair value.

The Fund's Terms and Conditions provide for the subscription and redemptions of units on dealing days during the week and it is, therefore, exposed to the liquidity risk of meeting Unitholder's redemptions. The Fund's investments in gold contracts are readily realizable, and can easily be liquidated at any time. The Fund Manager monitors the liquidity requirements on a regular basis and seeks to ensure that sufficient funds are available to meet any commitments as they arise, either through new subscriptions, liquidation of investment, or obtaining funding from related parties.

	Up to one year	More than one year and up to five year	More than five year	Total
31 December 2022				
Financial liabilities				
Management fee payable	4,914	-	-	4,914
Other liabilities	24,137	-	-	24,137
	<u>29,051</u>	-	-	<u>29,051</u>
		More than one		
	Up to	year and up to five	More than	
	one year	year	five year	Total
31 December 2021				
Financial liabilities				
Management fee payable	4,337	-	-	4,337
Other liabilities	5,197	-	-	5,197
	<u>9,534</u>	-	-	<u>9,534</u>

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13 Financial instruments - risk management (continued)

b) Liquidity risk (continued)

Maturity profile

The table below shows an analysis of financial assets and financial liabilities according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled respectively. The amount disclosed are the contractual undiscounted cash flows which equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

	Up to one year	More than one year	Total
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	26,257	-	26,257
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3,507,197	-	3,507,197
	3,533,454	-	3,533,454
Financial liabilities			
Management fee payable	4,914	-	4,914
Other liabilities	24,137	-	24,137
	29,051	-	29,051

c) Market risk

i) Commission rate risk

Commission rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in market special commission rates will affect future profitability or the fair value of the financial instruments.

As of the date of the statement of financial position, the Fund is not exposed to significant commission rate risk as it does not have any financial instruments that carry significant special commission.

ii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to a change in foreign exchange rates. These risks arise from financial instruments recognized in foreign currencies. The Fund transacts transactions in either US dollars (USD) or Saudi Riyals (SAR) and since in KSA, the SAR is pegged to USD, hence the Fund is not significantly exposed to foreign exchange risk.

iii) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the value of the Fund's financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market prices due to factors other than the movement of foreign exchange rates and commissions.

Price risk arises mainly from uncertainty about the future prices of financial instruments owned by the Fund. The Fund Manager closely monitors the price movements of the spot gold contracts.

The effect of a 1% increase in gold prices of the investments held at the reporting date would, all other variables held constant, has resulted in an increase in the net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and net assets of USD 35,071 (2021: USD 29,687). A 1% decrease in gold prices would, on the same basis, has decreased the net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and net assets by the same amount.

14 Capital management

The capital of the Fund is represented by net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units. The net assets attributable to Unitholders of redeemable units can change significantly on each Valuation Day, as the Fund is subject to subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of Unitholders on every Valuation Day, as well as changes resulting from the Fund's performance. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for Unitholders, provide benefits for other stakeholders and maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

The Fund's Board and the Fund Manager monitor the capital based on the value of net assets attributable to Unitholders.

Yaqeen Gold Fund
(Managed by Yaqeen Capital)
Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2022
(All amounts are in US Dollars unless stated otherwise)

15 Last valuation day

The last valuation day for the purpose of the preparation of these financial statements is 31 December 2022 (31 December 2021).

16 Approval of the financial statements

These financial statements were approved by the Fund's Board on 30 March 2023.